

УДУ

07.10.14

Характеристика - поверхность с определенными св-ва

$$\sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}(x) u_{x_i x_j} + \dots$$

$$y = f(x) \quad \text{Аннотация} \quad \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}(x) \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial f_j}{\partial x_j}$$

Такая поверхность $S = \phi(x_1, \dots, x_n) = 0$ (град $\phi \neq 0$)

т.е.

$$x \in S: \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij}(x) \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x_j} = 0$$

Задача

$$y^2 u_{xx} + 2xy u_{xy} + 2x^2 u_{yy} + y u_y = 0, \quad xy \neq 0$$

$$\Delta = (xy)^2 - y^2 2x^2 = -x^2 y^2 < 0 \quad \Rightarrow \text{эллипсическая}$$

У-е на характеристиках

$$y^2 dy^2 - 2xy dx dy + 2x^2 dx^2 = 0 \quad | \cdot dx^2$$

$$y' = \frac{xy \pm \sqrt{-x^2 y^2}}{y^2} = \frac{xy \pm ixy}{y^2}$$

$$y' = -\frac{x(1+i)}{y}, \quad yy' = x(1+i) \Rightarrow \text{сразу интегрируем}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} y^2 = \frac{1}{2} x^2 (1+i) + C$$

$$y^2 - x^2 - ix^2 = C$$

Положим

$$\left. \begin{aligned} u &= y^2 - x^2 \\ y &= x^2 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

0. y $2xy$

$$u_x = u_y (-2x) + u_{xy} (2x)$$

$$u_y = u_{yy} (2y) + u_{xy} \cdot 0$$

$$u_{xy} = u_{yy} (2y) (-2x) + u_{yyy} (-2x) \cdot (0) + u_{xyy} (2x) (2y) + u_{xyx} (2x) \cdot (0)$$

$$u_{xx} = u_{yy} 4x^2 + u_{yyy} (-4x^2) + u_y (-2) + u_{xyy} (-2x) (2x) + u_{xyx} 4x^2 + u_{xy} \cdot 2$$

$$u_{yy} = u_{yyy} 4y^2 + u_{xyy} \cdot 0 \cdot 2y + 2u_y$$

$$0 = u_{yy} (-8x^2y^2 + 4x^2y^2 + 8x^2y^2) + u_{xyy} (8x^2y^2 - 4x^2y^2 - 4x^2y^2) + u_{xyxy} (4x^2y^2) + u_y (2y^2 + 4x^2 - 2y^2) + u_{xy} (2y^2) =$$

$$4x^2y^2 (u_{yy} + u_{xyxy}) + u_y \cdot 4x^2 + u_{xy} 2y^2 = 0$$

$$u_{yy} + u_{xyxy} + \frac{1}{y^2} u_y + \frac{1}{2x^2} u_{xy} = 0$$

$$u_{yy} + u_{xyxy} + \frac{1}{y+xy} u_y + \frac{1}{2xy} u_{xy} = 0 \quad \text{3d } y^2 = y + xy$$

$$x^2 u_{xx} - 2x u_{xy} + u_{yy} + 2u_y = 0$$

$$\Delta = 4x^2 - 4x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \text{параболическо}$$

y -е на характеристиките

$$x^2 dy^2 + 2x dx dy + dx^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 y'^2 + 2xy' + 1 = 0$$

$$y' = -\frac{x}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{x} \quad (\text{от } (xy' = -1))$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -\ln x + C, \quad x, y > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \xi = y + \ln x \\ \eta = x \end{cases} \quad (\text{от условия на } \begin{vmatrix} \xi & \eta \\ \xi_x & \xi_y \end{vmatrix} \neq 0 \text{ (каждого числа} \\ \text{используем в нуле условия на } \neq 0))$$

$$0 \quad u_x = u_\eta \frac{1}{x} + u_\xi \cdot 1$$

$$2 \quad u_y = u_\xi \cdot 1 + u_\eta \cdot 0$$

$$x^2 \quad u_{xx} = u_{\eta\eta} \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) + 2u_{\eta\xi} \frac{1}{x} + u_{\xi\xi} \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right) + u_{\xi\eta} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + u_{\eta\xi}$$

$$1 \quad u_{\xi\xi} = u_{\xi\xi}$$

$$-2x \quad u_{\eta\xi} = u_{\xi\eta} \frac{1}{x} + u_{\eta\xi} \cdot 1$$

$$0 = u_{\xi\xi} (1+1-2) + u_{\xi\eta} (x+x-2x) + u_{\eta\xi} x^2 + u_\eta$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 u_{\eta\xi} + u_\eta = 0 \quad /: x^2$$

$$u_{\eta\xi} + \frac{1}{x^2} u_\eta = 0 \quad (\text{от } y=x) \Rightarrow u_{\eta\xi} + \frac{1}{\eta^2} u_\eta = 0$$

③

3-е на уравнението

$$u_{tt} - a^2 u_{xx} = 0, \quad a > 0$$

$$dx^2 - a^2 dt^2 = 0 \quad \text{т.е.} \quad x'^2 - a^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x' = \pm a$$

$$\Delta = 0 - 1(-a^2) = a^2 > 0 \quad - \text{гиперболично}$$

$$x = \pm at + c \quad \text{свързва на координатите}$$

$$\begin{cases} \eta = x - at \\ \xi = x + at \end{cases}$$

$$u_t = u_\eta (-a) + u_\xi (a)$$

$$u_x = u_\eta + u_\xi$$

$$1 \quad u_{tt} = u_{\eta\eta} a^2 + u_{\xi\xi} (a^2) + u_{\eta\xi} (-a^2) + u_{\xi\eta} a^2$$

$$-a^2 \quad u_{xx} = u_{\eta\eta} + u_{\xi\xi} + u_{\eta\xi} + u_{\xi\eta}$$

$$0 = u_{\eta\eta} (a^2 - a^2) + u_{\xi\xi} (-a^2) + u_{\eta\xi} (a^2 - a^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow u_{\eta\xi} = 0$$

$$u(\eta, \xi) = f(\xi) + g(\eta)$$

$$u(x, y) = f(x - at) + g(x + at)$$