

11.04.2013г.

$\sim \Delta UC \sim$

Приложение к Th за неслагаемое ф-ии.

Множество на Карманти.

$F(x, u, v)$

$$G_1(x, u, v) = 0$$

$$G_2(x, u, v) = 0$$

F, G_1, G_2 ca гладк. и имеют непрек. в призб. б ок. ка

$\tau. (x_0, u_0, v_0)$

$$G_1(x_0, u_0, v_0) = 0$$

$$G_2(x_0, u_0, v_0) = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial v} \\ \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial v} \end{vmatrix}_{(x_0, u_0, v_0)} \neq 0$$

$\Rightarrow \exists$ глб ф-ии (глдеп.): $\varphi(x)$ и $\psi(x)$, заменяющие u и v .

$$G_1(x, \varphi(x), \psi(x)) = 0 \quad (*)$$

$$G_2(x, \varphi(x), \psi(x)) = 0$$

Th за неслагаемое
ф-ии

$$\varphi(x_0) = u_0 ; \quad \psi(x_0) = v_0 \quad (\text{от Th-та})$$

Приложение

Th: **K!**

Прил. ф-ии $f(x) = F(x, \varphi(x), \psi(x))$.

Нека $f(x)$ има лок. extr. в т. x_0 . Тогава \exists глб const d_1, d_2 именит. на Карманти, т.е за $\Phi = F - d_1 \cdot G_1 - d_2 \cdot G_2$

$$\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x}(x_0, u_0, v_0) = 0 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial u}(x_0, u_0, v_0) \geq 0 ; \quad \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial v}(x_0, u_0, v_0) = 0 .$$

D-les: Търсим λ_1 и λ_2 : $\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial u}(M_0) = 0$, $\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial v}(M_0) = 0$,
 при $M_0 = (x_0, u_0, v_0)$

$$\left| \frac{\partial F}{\partial u} - \lambda_1 \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial u} - \lambda_2 \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial u} = 0 \quad (\text{в } M_0) \right.$$

$$\left| \frac{\partial F}{\partial v} - \lambda_1 \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial v} - \lambda_2 \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial v} = 0 \quad (\text{в } M_0) \right.$$

λ_1, λ_2 - неизв.

det на с-матрица:

$$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial u} \\ \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial v} & \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial v} \end{vmatrix} \neq 0 \quad (M_0)$$

Ме посочиха, че е така наимените λ_1 и λ_2

$$\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x}(M_0) = 0$$

Тогава $f(x)$ има лок. естр. в т. (x_0) , т.о. $f'(x_0) = 0$

$$\left(* \right) \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial u} \cdot \psi' + \frac{\partial F}{\partial v} \cdot \psi' = 0 \quad (\text{в } M_0) \quad ((x_0, u_0, v_0))$$

Диференциране $(*)$:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial u} \psi' + \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial v} \psi' = 0 \quad / \cdot (-\lambda_1), \\ \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial u} \psi' + \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial v} \psi' = 0 \quad / \cdot (-\lambda_2), \end{cases}$$

$$(* *)$$

$$((*) + (**)) \cdot (-\lambda_1) + (-\lambda_2) : \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} - \lambda_1 \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial x} - \lambda_2 \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial x} + \psi' \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial u} - \lambda_1 \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial u} - \lambda_2 \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial u} \right) = 0$$

$$- \lambda_2 \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial u} \right) + \psi' \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial v} - \lambda_1 \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial v} - \lambda_2 \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial v} \right) = 0$$

" (запади избора за λ_1 и λ_2)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} - \lambda_1 \frac{\partial G_1}{\partial x} - \lambda_2 \frac{\partial G_2}{\partial x} = 0 \quad (\text{в } M_0)$$

Тогава е $\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial x} = 0$