

ZM

19.03.14

$$f[x_0, x_1] = \begin{cases} \frac{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0} & \text{wenn } x_1 \neq x_0 \\ \frac{f'(x_0)}{1!} & x_1 = x_0 \end{cases}$$

Beispiel

x_i	-1	0	1
$f(x_i)$	1	0	1
$f'(x_i)$	0	*	4
$f''(x_i)$	*	*	16

=>

x_i	$f(x_i)$	$f[x_i]$	$f[x_i, x_{i+1}]$	$f[x_{i+1}]$	$f[x_{i+1}, x_{i+2}]$	$f[x_{i+2}]$
-1	1	$\frac{f'(-1)}{1!}$				
-1	1		1			
0	0			1		
1	1				1	
1	1	$\frac{f'(1)}{1!}$	3		2	
1	1	4	$\frac{f''(1)}{2!} = 8$	$\frac{f''(1)}{1!} = 4$		

$$p(x) = 1 + 0(x+1) + (-1)(x+1)^2 + 1(x+1)^2 x + 0(x+1)^2 x(x-1) + 1(x+1)^2 x(x-1)^2$$

Заг 12 $T_n(x) = \cos(n \arccos x)$, $y_k = \cos \frac{(2k-1)\pi}{2n}$, $k=1-n$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n y_k = ?$$

$$\prod_{k=1}^n y_k = ?$$

Реш

$$T_n(x) = 2^{n-1} x^n + a_{n-2} x^{n-2} + \dots + a_n; a_0 = 2^{n-1}$$

$$y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_n = \frac{-a_{n-2}}{a_0}; \quad y_1 y_2 \dots y_n = \frac{a_n}{a_0} (-1)^n$$

$$a_n = T_n(0) = \cos(n \arccos 0) = \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \prod_{k=1}^n y_k = (-1)^n \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$$T_n(x) = T_{n-1}(x) \cdot y_1 - T_{n-2}(x)$$

$$y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_n = \frac{-a_{n-2}}{a_0} = 0 \text{ значит } T_n(x) \text{ имеет корни } y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n$$

Заг $L_n(f, x) = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{f(x_k) \omega(x)}{(x-x_k) \omega'(x_k)}$

x_k	0	1	2	3
$f(x_k)$	1	2	3	4

$$\omega(x) = x(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$$

$$\omega'(0) = (0-1)(0-2)(0-3) = -6$$

$$\omega'(1) = (1-2)(1-3) \cdot 1 = 2$$

$$\omega'(2) = 2(2-1)(2-3) = -2$$

$$\omega'(3) = 3(3-1)(3-2) = 6 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = x+1$$

$$f(0) \frac{x(x-2)(x-3)}{-6} + f(1) \frac{x(x-2)(x-3)}{2} + \dots + f(3) \frac{x(x-1)(x-2)}{6}$$

Заг 3 $\sum_{k=0}^n l_k(x) = 1$
 Лагранж

$\sum_{k=0}^n f(x_k) l_k(x) = l_n(f; x) \Rightarrow f(x) = 1 \in \Pi_0 \subseteq \Pi_n \Rightarrow$
 $f \equiv l_n \Rightarrow 1 = \sum_{k=0}^n l_k$

Заг 4 $f(x_0 - x_n) = \text{кажд } x^u \in l_n(f; x)$
 $l_n(f; x_i) = f(x_i) \quad \forall i = 0, \dots, n$
 $l_n(f; x) = a_0 x^n + a_1 x^{n-1} + \dots + a_n$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_0 x_0^n + \dots + a_n = f(x_0) \\ \vdots \\ a_0 x_n^n + \dots + a_n = f(x_n) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow a_0 = \frac{\Delta_0}{\Delta} =$$

$$= \det \begin{pmatrix} f(x_0) & x_0^{n-1} & \dots & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ f(x_n) & x_n^{n-1} & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_0^n & \dots & 1 \\ \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ x_n^n & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Заг 10 $f(x) = \int_0^x \arctan t \, dt = \int_0^x \arctan t \cdot 1 \, dt \Big|_0^x = \int_0^x \arctan t \, dt =$
 $x \arctan x - \int_0^x \frac{t}{1+t^2} \, dt = x \arctan x + \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+x^2) \Big|_0^x$

$= x \arctan x + \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+x^2) \Rightarrow f(0) = 0 = f(0)$

$f'(x) = f'(x) = \arctan x \Rightarrow f'(0) = \arctan 0 = 0$
 $f''(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2} = f''(0) = 1 = f''(0) \quad \text{т.е.}$

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x	0	1	$f(x_1)$	$f(x_2)$...
$f(x_i)$	0	0,439	0	0	...
$f'(x_i)$	0	*	0	0	...
$f''(x_i)$	1	*	0	0	...
			1	0,439	...

За грешка! - $|f(x) - \mathcal{L}_n(f, x)| = \max \frac{|f^{(n+1)}(x)|}{(n+1)!} |\omega(x)|$

Лема на Полювениху - Бесфрансон

$$(f, g)[x_0, \dots, x_n] = \sum_{k=0}^n f[x_0, \dots, x_k] g[x_k, \dots, x_n]$$

Зад. Да се намери $\frac{1}{x} [x_0, \dots, x_n] = ?$

Реш. $\frac{1}{x} = f(x)$, $g(x) = x \Rightarrow f(x)g(x) = \frac{1}{x} x = 1 \in \mathcal{T}_0 \subseteq \mathcal{T}_n$

$[x_0, \dots, x_n] = 0$ за $\forall k = 1, \dots, n$

$$(f, g)[x_0, \dots, x_n] = \sum_{k=0}^n f[x_0, \dots, x_k] g[x_k, \dots, x_n]$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^n x[x_0, \dots, x_k] \frac{1}{x} [x_k, \dots, x_n] = 0 = x[x_0] \frac{1}{x} [x_0, \dots, x_n] +$$

$$+ x[x_0, x_1] \frac{1}{x} [x_1, \dots, x_n] = 0$$

$$x_0 \frac{1}{x} [x_0, \dots, x_n] + 1 \frac{1}{x} [x_1, \dots, x_n] = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{x} [x_0, \dots, x_n] = -\frac{1}{x_0} \frac{1}{x} [x_1, \dots, x_n] = \dots = \frac{(-1)^n}{x_0 x_1 \dots x_n}$$

Задача $\frac{1}{x+a}$ - Решить аналогично с картой
но у нас с $(x+a) = f(x)$

Крайние значения и шаг на h от x_0
 $x_k = x_0 + kh$, $k=0, n$, h - шаг
 $h = x_{i+1} - x_i$

$$\Delta^u f_0 = \Delta^{u-1} f_1 - \Delta^{u-1} f_0$$

$$f_i = f(x_i) = f(x_0 + ih)$$

$$\Delta f_0 = f_1 - f_0, \quad \Delta f_i = f_{i+1} - f_i$$

$$\Delta^2 f_0 = \Delta f_1 - \Delta f_0 = f_2 - f_1 - (f_1 - f_0) = f_2 - 2f_1 + f_0$$

$$\Delta^u f_0 = \sum_{k=0}^u (-1)^{u-k} \binom{u}{k} f_k$$

x_i	$f(x_i)$	Δf_i	Примеры
x_0	f_0	$f_1 - f_0$	$f_2 - 2f_1 + f_0$
x_1	f_1	$f_2 - f_1$	
\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	
x_n	f_n	$f_n - f_{n-1}$	Примеры

$$f(x_0 \dots x_n) = \frac{\Delta^u f_0}{u! h^u}$$

Φ - u - шаг h от x_0

$$\ln(f(x)) = \sum_{k=0}^u f(x_0 - kh) (x - x_0) - (x - x_0) =$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^u \binom{u+k-1}{k} \Delta^k f_{u-k} = \sum_{k=0}^u \binom{u}{k} \Delta^k f_0$$

②

Заг. Л. Ч. а) $\sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^{n-k} \binom{n}{k} k^j = 0, j = 0, \dots, n-1$

б) $\sum_{j=0}^n (-1)^{n-j} \binom{n}{j} j^n = n!$

Прон. д. $\sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^{n-k} \binom{n}{k} k^j = \Delta^n f_0$ за $f_k = f(k) = k^j$

$\Rightarrow f(x) = x^j$ $j = 0, \dots, n-1$

$x_k = k$ $k = 0, \dots, n$ $k = 1$

$f(x) \in \mathcal{T}_{n-1} \subseteq \mathcal{T}_n \Rightarrow f(x) \equiv L_n(f, x) \Rightarrow$

коэф. при x^n в $L_n(f, x) = 0 \Rightarrow f[x_0, \dots, x_n] = 0 \Rightarrow$
 $\Delta^n f_0 = n! f[x_0, \dots, x_n] = n! \cdot 0 = 0$

в) $\Delta^n f_0 = \sum_{j=0}^n (-1)^{n-j} \binom{n}{j} j^n$ за $f_j = j^n \Rightarrow$

$f(x) = x^n \in \mathcal{T}_n$ сѐс. степенно, коэф. $f \Rightarrow$

$f[x_0, \dots, x_n] = 1 \Rightarrow \Delta^n f_0 = n! \cdot 1 = n!$

Заг. Л. Ч. $\sum_{j=0}^n (-1)^{n-j} \binom{n}{j} \binom{n+j}{k} = 0, n \in \mathbb{N}$

Прон. $\sum_{j=0}^n (-1)^{n-j} \binom{n}{j} \binom{n+j}{k} = \Delta^n f_0$ за $f_j = \binom{n+j}{k}$

$x_j = j, j = 0, \dots, n, k = 1, f_j = \binom{n+j}{k} \Rightarrow$

$f(x) = \binom{n+x}{k} = \frac{(n+x)(n+x-1)\dots(n+x-k+1)}{k!}$

$f(x) \in \mathcal{T}_k \subseteq \mathcal{T}_n \Rightarrow \Delta^n f_0 = 0$ т.к. коэф. при x^n е 0 (от уредбата за f)