

1) 2т) Нека $a = 4 + 3i$, $b = 3 - 4i$. Да се пресметне $a^2 + b^2$; $|b|$; $a\bar{b}$; $\frac{a}{b}$

2) 4т) Нека $a = -\sqrt{3} + i$, $b = -\sqrt{2} - i\sqrt{2}$

a) 2т) Да се запишат с главен аргумент в тригонометричен вид
числата a , b , ab , $\frac{a}{b}$

б) 2т) Да се реши уравнението $z^3 = b$ и да се пресметне $a^7 + (\bar{a})^7$

3) 4т) Да се изобрази в комплексната равнина множеството от точки z ,
за които :

а) $|z + 1 + i| > \sqrt{2}$

б) $|z - 4| \leq |z - 2|$

в) $|\operatorname{Re} z| > 2$, $|\operatorname{Im} z| < 1$

г) $0 < \arg z < \pi$, $1 < |z| < 2$

Кои от изброените са области?

Контрольно №1 по КЧ

$$1) \quad a = 4+3i, \quad b = 3-4i, \quad |a| = |b| = 5$$

$$a^2 = (4+3i)^2 = 16 + 24i - 9 = 7 + 24i$$

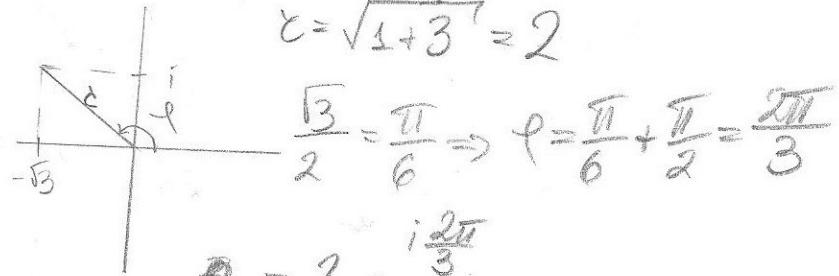
$$b^2 = (3-4i)^2 = 9 - 24i - 16 = -7 - 24i \quad \Rightarrow a^2 + b^2 = 0$$

$$|b| = \sqrt{9+16} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$ab = (3+4i)(4+3i) = 12 + 25i - 12 = 25i$$

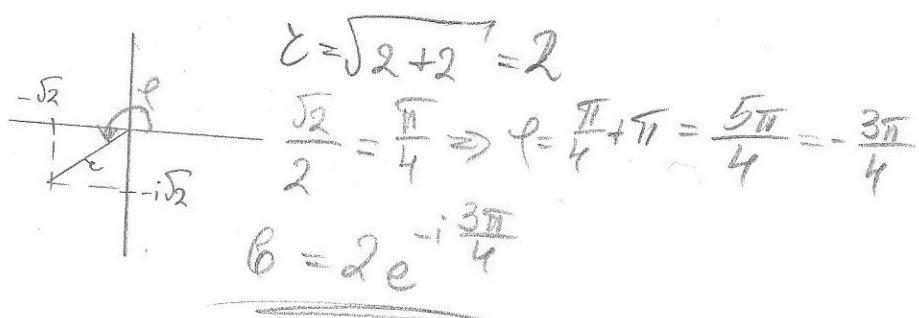
$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4+3i}{3-4i} \cdot \frac{3+4i}{3+4i} = \frac{25i}{25} = i$$

$$2) \quad a = -\sqrt{3} + i$$



$$a = 2 e^{i \frac{2\pi}{3}}$$

$$b = -\sqrt{2} - i\sqrt{2}$$



$$b = 2 e^{-i \frac{3\pi}{4}}$$

$$ab = 2e^{i \frac{2\pi}{3}} 2e^{-i \frac{3\pi}{4}} = 4e^{i \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} - \frac{3\pi}{4} \right)} = 4e^{-i \frac{\pi}{12}}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{2e^{i \frac{2\pi}{3}}}{2e^{-i \frac{3\pi}{4}}} = e^{i \left(\frac{2\pi}{3} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right)} = e^{i \frac{17\pi}{12}} = e^{-i \frac{7\pi}{12}}$$

$$25) z^3 = -\sqrt{2} - i\sqrt{2}$$

$$|z| = \sqrt{2+2} = 2$$

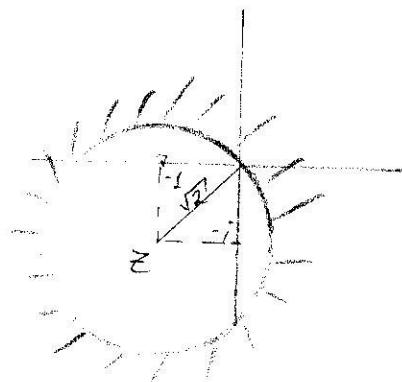
$$z_k = 3\sqrt{2} e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{2k\pi}{3}\right)}, k=0,1,2$$

$$a^2 + (\bar{a})^2 = (2 \operatorname{Re} a)^2 = -2(\sqrt{3})^2$$

$$3.2) |z+1+i| > \sqrt{2}$$

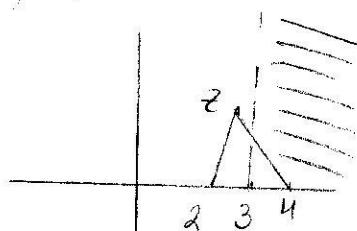
$$z = -1 - i$$

exact



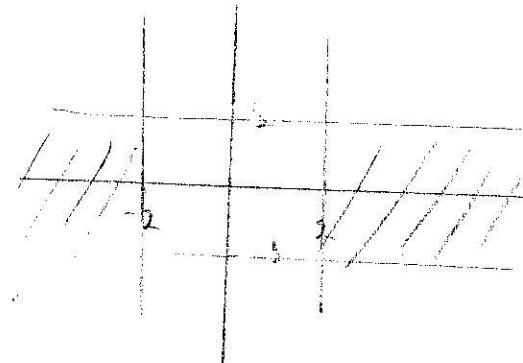
$$3) |z-4| \leq |z-2|, \Leftrightarrow |z-3|$$

He e exact



$$4) |\operatorname{Re} z| > 2, |\operatorname{Im} z| < 1$$

He e exact



$$5) 0 < \arg z < \pi, 1 < |z| < 2$$

exact

